

## ECE 330 Final Exam Equation Sheet

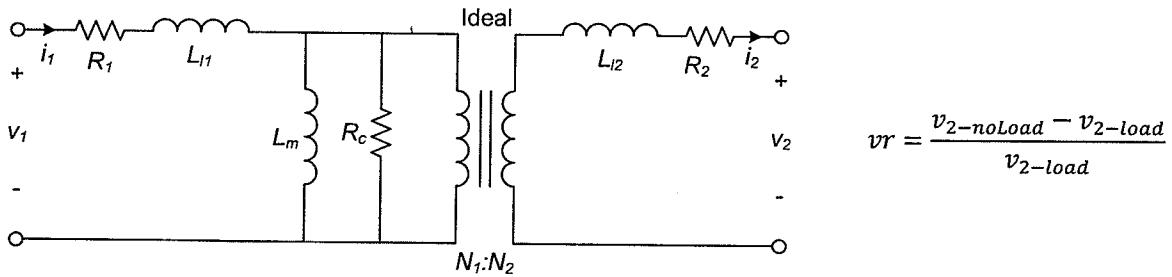
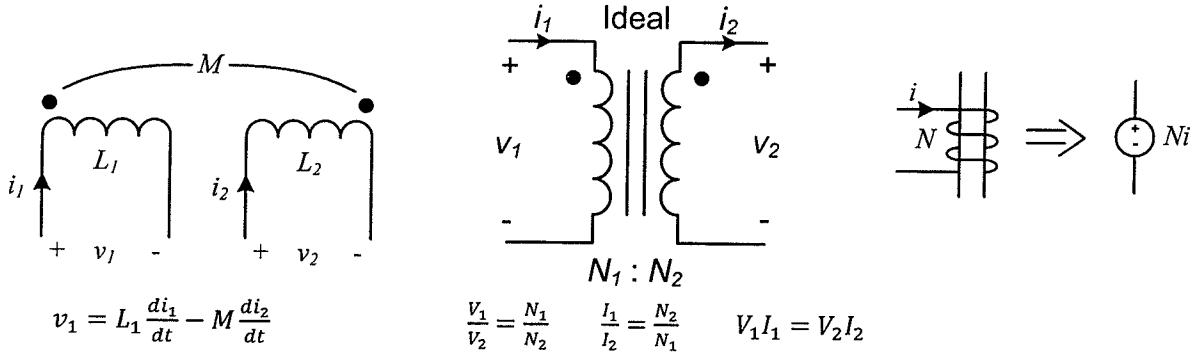
$$\sin(x) = \cos(x - 90^\circ) \quad \bar{V} = \bar{Z} \cdot \bar{I} \quad \bar{S} = \bar{V} \cdot \bar{I}^* \quad \bar{S}_{3\phi} = \sqrt{3} V_L I_L \angle \theta \quad 1 \text{ hp} = 746 \text{ W}$$

$$0^\circ < \theta < 90^\circ \text{ (lag)} \quad \bar{I}_L = \sqrt{3} I_\phi \angle (\theta_i - 30^\circ) \quad \bar{Z}_Y = \bar{Z}_\Delta / 3 \quad \mu_0 = 4\pi \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ Vs/Am}$$

$$-90^\circ < \theta < 0^\circ \text{ (lead)} \quad \bar{V}_L = \sqrt{3} V_\phi \angle (\theta_v + 30^\circ)$$

$$\oint_c \vec{H} \cdot d\vec{l} = \int_s \vec{J} \cdot \vec{n} ds \quad \oint_c \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{l} = - \int_s \frac{d}{dt} \vec{B} \cdot \vec{n} ds \quad \mathcal{R} = \frac{l}{\mu A} \quad mmf = Ni = \mathcal{R}\phi$$

$$B = \mu H \quad \phi = BA \quad \lambda = N\phi \quad L = \frac{\partial \lambda}{\partial i} \quad M_{12} = \frac{\partial \lambda_1}{\partial i_2} \quad k = \frac{M}{\sqrt{L_1 L_2}}$$



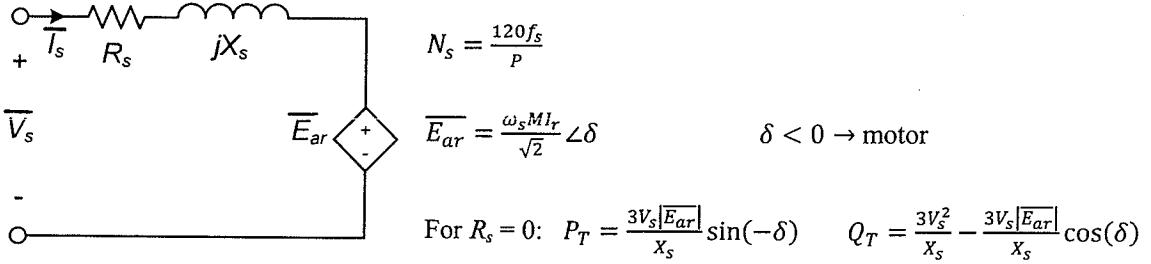
$$W_m = \int_0^\lambda i d\hat{\lambda} \quad W'_m = \int_0^i \lambda d\hat{i} \quad W_m + W'_m = \lambda i \quad f^e = \frac{\partial W'_m}{\partial x} = - \frac{\partial W_m}{\partial x} \quad i = \frac{\partial W_m}{\partial \lambda}$$

$$EFE = \int_a^b i d\lambda \quad EFM = - \int_a^b f^e dx \quad EFE + EFM = W_{m,b} - W_{m,a} \quad \lambda = \frac{\partial W'_m}{\partial i}$$

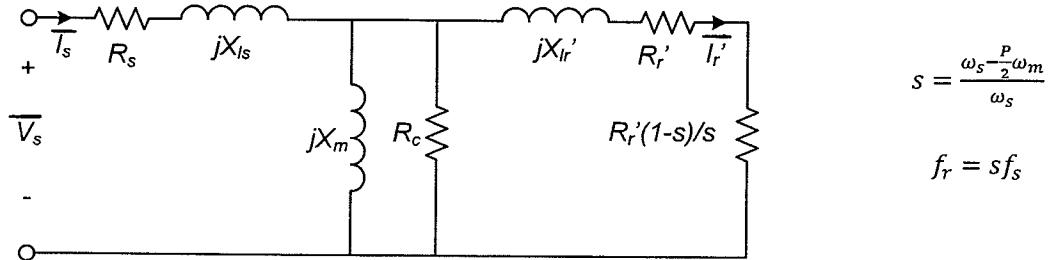
$$M \frac{d^2\mathbf{v}}{dt^2} = \sum \text{forces in } +x \text{ direction} \quad \dot{\underline{x}} = \underline{f}(\underline{x}, \underline{u}) \quad \text{Equilibrium: } \underline{f}(\underline{x}_{eq}, \underline{u}_{eq}) = 0$$

$$\underline{x}(t_{n+1}) = \underline{x}(t_n) + \Delta t \cdot \underline{f}(\underline{x}(t_n), \underline{u}(t_n)) \quad \text{Linearization: } \begin{aligned} \Delta \dot{x}_1 &= \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x_1} \Delta x_1 + \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x_2} \Delta x_2 + \cdots + \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial u} \Delta u \\ \Delta \dot{x}_2 &= \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x_1} \Delta x_1 + \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x_2} \Delta x_2 + \cdots + \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial u} \Delta u \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Stability: } A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x_2} \\ \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x_2} \end{bmatrix} \quad |\lambda I - A| = 0 \quad \text{stable if } \text{Re}\{\lambda\} < 0$$



$$T^e = \frac{P_m}{\omega_m} \quad \omega_m = \frac{2}{P} \omega_s \quad (\text{for synchronous machine, } P_m = P_T \text{ in formulas above})$$



$$P_{AG} = 3|\overline{I}_{r'}|^2 \frac{R'_r}{s} \quad P_m = (1-s)P_{AG} \quad T^e = \frac{P}{2\omega_s} \frac{3|\overline{V}_{TH}|^2 R'_r s}{[(sR_{TH} + R'_r)^2 + s^2(X_{TH} + X'_{l_r})^2]}$$

$$s_{max,T} = \frac{R'_r}{\sqrt{R_{TH}^2 + (X_{TH} + X'_{l_r})^2}} \quad T_{max}^e = \frac{P}{4\omega_s} \frac{3|\overline{V}_{TH}|^2}{(X_{TH} + X'_{l_r})} \left( \text{at } R_{TH} = 0 \right)$$